CBCS SCHEME

USN

17EC34

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Digital Electronics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

1 a. Convert $x = \overline{ab} + bc$ to canonical SOP form.

(02 Marks)

- b. Simplify $G = f(w,x,y,z) = \pi M(1,3,8,10,12,13,14,15)$ in POS form and implement using NOR gates. (08 Marks)
- c. Simplify the following using Quine-McClusky's minimization technique.

 $V = f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14)$

(10 Marks)

OR

2 a. Convert $P = (\overline{w} + x)(y + \overline{z})$ to canonical POS form.

- (03 Marks)
- b. Simplify $P = f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15) + \sum d(8, 9, 10, 11)$ in SOP form and implement using NAND gates. (07 Marks)
- c. Simplify using Quine-McClusky's minimization technique:

 $V = f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(1, 5, 7, 9, 13, 15) + \sum d(8, 10, 11, 14)$

(10 Marks)

Module-2

3 a. Implement $f_1(a, b, c) = \sum m(1, 3, 5)$; $f_2(a, b, c) = \sum m(0, 1, 6)$ using 74138, 3:8 decoder.

(06 Marks)

b. With a neat circuit diagram explain the carry look ahead adder with relevant expressions.

(10 Marks)

c. Design a one-bit comparator, implement using suitable gates.

(04 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Using 74151, 8:1 Mux, realize the Boolean function $F(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 10, 15)$ with b, c, d as select lines. (04 Marks)
 - b. With neat circuit diagram, explain the keypad interface using 74147, 10 line to BCD encoder. (10 Marks)
 - c. Design a full subtractor and implement using logic gates.

(06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Discuss the working principle of Gated SR latch with its truth Table. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the operation of Switch debouncer built using SR latch with the help of circuit and waveforms. (08 Marks)
 - c. Obtain the characteristic equations of JK flip flop and SR flip flop.

(06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. What is race around condition? How it can be overcome? (02 Marks)
 - b. Explain the working of MS-JK flip flop with logic symbol and timing diagram. (10 Marks)
 - c. Explain the working of +ve edge triggered D flip flop with the functional table. (08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Explain the working of four bit ripple counter using +ve edge triggered T flip-flops with the counting sequence table and timing diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the SIPO and SISO operation of shift register with relevant logic diagram and the truth table.

 (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain the operation of ring counter using logic diagram and truth table. (04 Marks)

OR

8 a. Explain Universal Shift Register with the help of logic diagram and mode control table.

(10 Marks)

b. Realize a three-bit binary synchronous up counter using JK flip flops.

(10 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Construct a Mealy state diagram that will detect input sequence 10110, when input pattern is detected Z is asserted high. Write the state diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. Design a synchronous counter using T flip flops to count the sequence 0, 2, 3, 6, 5, 1, 0, 2, ... Write the excitation table and state diagram and logic diagram. (10 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Explain Mealy and Moore model of clocked synchronous sequential circuit with the block diagram. (08 Marks)
 - b. For the logic diagram given in Fig.Q10(b):
 - i) Derive the excitation and output equations
 - ii) Write the state equations
 - iii) Construct transition table and state table
 - iv) Draw the state diagram

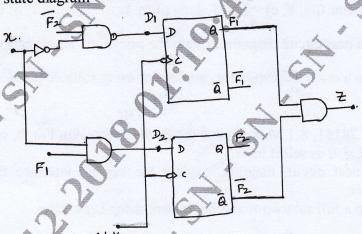


Fig.Q10(b)

(12 Marks)